



KONGUNADU ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE (Autonomous)
COIMBATORE-641 029

M.Sc. BIOTECHNOLOGY

Curriculum & Scheme of Examination under CBCS

(Applicable for the Students admitted during the Academic Year 2014 - 2015 onwards)

Semester	Subject Code	Title of the Paper	Instruction hours /cycle	Exam Marks			Duration of Exam (hours)	Credits
				CIA	ESE	Total		
I	14PBT101	C.P.1 – Biochemistry	5	25	75	100	3	5
	14PBT102	C.P.2 – Biostatistics and Bioinstrumentation	5	25	75	100	3	5
	13PBT103	C.P.3 - Molecular Biology and Molecular Genetics	5	25	75	100	3	5
	14PBT104	C.P.4 – Microbiology	5	25	75	100	3	5
	14PBT1CL	C.Pr.1. Lab in Biochemistry and Bioinstrumentation	5	40	60	100	6	3
	14PBT1CM	C.Pr.2-Lab in Molecular Genetics and Microbiology	5	40	60	100	6	3
II	14PBT205	C.P.5 – Immunotechnology	5	25	75	100	3	5
	14PBT206	C.P.6 - Animal Biotechnology	5	25	75	100	3	4
	14PBT207	C.P.7 – Genetic Engineering	5	25	75	100	3	5
	14PBT310	C.P.8 – Nanobiotechnology and Intellectual Property Rights	5	25	75	100	3	4
	14PBT2CN	C.Pr.3 - Lab in Immunotechnology and Animal Biotechnology	5	40	60	100	6	3
	14PBT2CO	C.Pr.4- Lab in Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering	5	40	60	100	6	3
III	14PBT308	C.P.9 - Bioprocess Technology	5	25	75	100	3	4
	14PBT309	C.P.10 - Plant Biotechnology	5	25	75	100	3	4
	14PBT411	C.P.11 – Genomics and Proteomics	5	25	75	100	3	4
	14PBT3CP	C.Pr.5-Lab in Bioprocess Technology and Plant Biotechnology	5	40	60	100	6	3
	14PBT3E1	Major Elective I	5	25	75	100	3	5
	12PBT3N1	Non-Major Elective I – (On-line)	5	25	75	100	3	5
IV	12PBT4N2	Non-Major Elective II - (On-line)	5	25	75	100	3	5
	14PBT4Z1	Project Work *	20	40	160*	200	3	5
	14PBT4E2	Major Elective II	5	25	75	100	3	5
Total			120	2200				90

Major Elective Papers (2 papers are to be chosen from the following 4 papers)

1. Computational Biology
2. Environmental Biotechnology
3. Entrepreneurship, Bioethics, Biosafety and Research methodology
4. Marine Biotechnology

Non-Major Elective Papers (2 papers are to be chosen from the following 4 papers)(On-line)

1. Competitive Science – I
2. Competitive Science- II
3. Food Technology
4. Communication and Soft skills

Tally Table:

Part	Subject	No. of Subjects	Total Marks	Credits
I	Core – Theory / Practical / Project	18	1800	70
	Major Elective Paper	2	200	10
	Non Major Elective Paper	2	200	10
	Grand Total	22	2200	90

Advanced Learner's Course (ALC) under self study scheme (optional)

Subject Code	Title of the Paper	Exam Marks		Duration of Exam (hours)	Credits
		ESE	Total		
12PBT D1	ALC.1- Frontier Technologies in Biosciences	100	100	3	2
12PBT D2	ALC.2- Stem Cell Technology	100	100	3	2

- CBCS – Choice Based Credit System
- CIA-Continuous Internal Assessment
- ESE- End -of - Semester Examination
- C.P. - Core Paper; C. Pr. – Core Practicals
- 25 % CIA is applicable to all theory subjects. Proportion of CIA and ESE for practical is 40 : 60.
- JOCs are optional for earning extra credits and are conducted 4 hours / cycle after college hours.

Job Oriented Courses (JOC):

1. JOC 1 - Mushroom Technology (12PBT0J1)
2. JOC 2 – Herbal Biotechnology (12PBT0J2)

Note: JOC and ALC which are offered at present will be applicable for the students admitted during the academic year 2012-2013 and will be considered as extra credit courses.

PBT 01

SEMESTER I

14PBT101

C.P.1 – BIOCHEMISTRY

Total Credits: 5

Total hours: 75

Objective:

On the successful completion of the subject, the student get an overall understanding of structure of atoms, molecules and chemical bonds, enzyme kinetics, biopolymers and metabolic reaction in the living systems.

UNIT I

(15 HRS)

*Water: Structure of water**, Hydrogen bonding and solubility, physical properties, cellular reactions of water, ionization of water. pH, pKa and Buffers of biological systems, Henderson – Hassebalch Equation. Molecular interactions, Hydrogen, hydrophobic, disulphide, glycosidic, Phosphodiester, electrostatic and Vander Waal's.

UNIT II

(15 HRS)

Carbohydrates: Definition, classification and biological importances, Mono-, di- and tri-saccharides, Polysaccharides and mucopolysaccharides of biological importance. Blood group substances glycoproteins & peptidoglycans. Glycolytic Pathway, TCA Cycle, Oxidative Phosphorylation, Electron Transport Chain, **Gluconeogenesis***

UNIT III

(15 HRS)

Amino acids and proteins: Definition. Classification and properties of amino acids, Peptide bond stability & formation. *Proteins* - Classification, physico-chemical properties, structure [primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary]. Amino acid catabolism (Transamination, deamination and decarboxylation)

UNIT IV

(15 HRS)

Lipids: Definition and classification of lipids, Structure, classification and properties of fatty acids, Steroids- Structure and functions of cholesterol. β - Oxidation of fatty acids. Fatty acid biosynthesis.

Nucleic acids: Component, Structure and Different forms of DNA and RNA. Nucleotide metabolism.

UNIT V

(15 HRS)

Biochemistry of Small Molecules: Physiological function of vitamins (Vitamin A & C), hormones (Insulin).

Enzymes: Basic concept, active site, Enzyme Classification, specificity, Kinetics and inhibition, Allosteric enzymes, Co-enzymes (NAD).

Textbook

Nelson, D.L., and M. M. Cox, 2003. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, 3rd edition. Macmillan, Worth Publishers, New York.

References

1. Biochemistry, L. Stryer, 4th Edition. W.H. Freeman Company, New York, 1995.
2. Fundamentals of Biochemistry, Voet *et al.*, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 1994.
3. Harper's Biochemistry, Murray *et al.*, 24th Ed. Prentice-Hall International, London. 1996.

* Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also

C.P.2 – BIOSTATISTICS AND BIOINSTRUMENTATION

Total Credits: 5

Total hours: 75

Objective:

To make the student to understand the methods and tools in biostatistics, to understand the principle and usage of different instruments for their experiments and future research.

UNIT I**(15 HRS)**

Measures of dispersion: Absolute and relative measures. Mean deviation, standard deviation and variance. Coefficient of variation. *Correlation:* Definition, types and Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation. *Regression:* definition, regression of Y on X and X on Y.

UNIT II**(15 HRS)**

Testing of Hypothesis: Student's t test. Chi-square test and its applications. ANOVA and its significance. Designing of experiments and statistical analysis. Use of softwares for statistical analysis.

UNIT III**(15 HRS)**

Centrifugation: Types of centrifuges, Principles and applications of analytical and preparative centrifuge, density gradient and ultra-centrifuge. *Photometry:* UV-VIS, Mass, IR and NMR spectrophotometry, Fluorimetry and flame photometry – working and applications.

UNIT IV**(15 HRS)**

ELISA reader: Working and applications. Microscopy: Phase contrast microscope, SEM and TEM- instrumentation. *Chromatography:* Principle and types- ion exchange, HPLC, HPTLC and Gas Liquid chromatography.

UNIT V**(15 HRS)**

Electrophoresis: Principle, factors affecting electrophoresis, AGE, PAGE, 2 D-Gel, isoelectric focusing, pulse field electrophoresis, gel documentation – Application. *PCR:* Principle, types, instrumentation, and applications, Nucleotide sequencing. Lyophilizer, Sonication and X-ray crystallography.

Textbooks

1. Boyer, R, 2000. Modern Experimental Biochemistry, III Edition, Addison Wesley Longman, New Delhi.
2. Wilson, K. and J. Walker 2000, Practical Biochemistry, 5th edition, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
3. Pillai R. S. N. and Bhagavathi V., 2000. Statistics, Sultan Chand & Co., New Delhi.
4. Gupta, S.P., 2001. Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand & Co, New Delhi.

References

1. Sundar Rao, P.S.S., and J.Richard., 2006. Introduction to Biostatistics and Research methods, PHI Publication, New Delhi.
2. Holme and Peck, 1998. Analytical Biochemistry, 3rd Edition, Longman Scientific.
3. Skoog and Leary, 1992, Principles of Instrumental analysis, 4th Edition. Saunder's College Publishing, New York.

* *Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also*

PBT 03

SEMESTER I

13PBT103

C.P.3 - MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND MOLECULAR GENETICS

Total Credits : 5

Total hours: 75

Objective:

To make the students to understand the concept of gene, modulation of gene its regulation, modes of transmission and defects.

UNIT I

(15 HRS)

Structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells. Cellular organelles: Structure, and function of Plasma membrane, Mitochondria, Plastids, Nucleus and Ribosomes. Cell signaling: Juxtacrine, Paracrine and Endocrine Signaling-Neurotransmitters & Hormones. Cell Transport: Passive transport - Osmosis, Diffusion, Active transport- Na^+ , K^+ pump.

UNIT II

(15 HRS)

Replication: DNA and RNA replication – mechanism and enzymology. Similarities and differences between Prokaryotic and eukaryotic DNA replication. Gene expression: Transcription, RNA processing, Genetic code, translation.

UNIT III

(15 HRS)

Gene regulation: Levels of regulation, Transcriptional control in prokaryotes (*lac* and *trp* operon concept) and eukaryotes (gene battery model), Translational control in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Posttranslational regulation. Gene regulation in lambda bacteriophage.

UNIT IV

(15 HRS)

Genome organization: Nuclear, plastid and mitochondrial genome organization. **Mendel's laws**, Linkage and crossing over, Polygenic inheritance, Genetics of Bacteria - **transformation***, conjugation, transduction. Genetics of viruses: Lytic and Lysogenic life cycles of phages.

UNIT V

(15 HRS)

Inherited disorders - autosomal- Down's and Cri-Duchat syndrome and allosomal- Klinefelter's and Turner's syndrome. *Population Genetics* - Hardy-Weinberg principle, Genetics and evolution, Quantitative genetics and multifactorial interactions, causes of variation and artificial selection, genetic load and genetic counseling.

Textbooks

1. Friefelder, D. 1996. Molecular Biology, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
2. Lodish, D. *et al.*, 2007. Molecular Cell Biology, 6th edition, Scientific American Books, Inc.

References

1. Lewin, Genes X. 2009. Oxford University Press, U.K.
2. Hartl. D.L., 2000. A Primer of Population Genetics. 3rd Edition, Sinauer Associates Inc., Sunderland.
3. Alberts *et al.* 2007. Molecular Cell Biology, 5th Edition. Garland Publishing, Inc, NY.
4. Cooper, G. M., 2009. The Cell - A Molecular Approach. 5th edition. ASM and Sinauer Press, Washington.

* Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also

C.P.4 – MICROBIOLOGY

Total Credits: 5

Total hours: 75

Objective:

To make the students to understand the basic concepts of the biology of microorganisms and its mechanism of action in host cells.

UNIT I**(15 HRS)**

History of microbiology- Development of microbiology in 20th century. Morphology, ultra structure of bacteria. General characters of Fungi, Algae and Protozoa. Virus: Discovery, structure and classification – Baltimore cultivation of viruses – detection and enumeration, viral assays.

UNIT II**(15 HRS)**

Microbial taxonomy – classification system- numerical taxonomy- major characteristics used in taxonomy – Recent trends in taxonomy – Computerized identification of bacteria - chemotaxonomy. Principles and nutritional requirements for the growth of bacteria - culture media and types. Sterilization - principles and applications of physical and chemical methods. Methods of staining - bacteria and fungi.

UNIT III**(15 HRS)**

Soil Microbiology: Microbial flora of soil – bacteria, fungi, algae and protozoa. Microbial interactions among soil microorganisms - microbial populations and with plants (N₂ fixation) - **Biogeochemical cycles (C, N, P and S cycles)***. Plant growth promoting bacteria.

UNIT IV**(15 HRS)**

Principles of food preservation - High temperature, low temperature, drying, radiation, Canning and packaging; Contamination and spoilage of meat, fish, milk, egg, vegetables and fruits. - **Food quality and control***.

UNIT V**(15 HRS)**

Medical Microbiology: Host parasite relationship, epidemiology, pathogenesis, prevention and treatment - Staphylococcus, Streptococcus, Salmonella, Clostridium, Rubella, Rabies, Mycoplasma.

Textbooks

1. Prescott, L. M., *et al.*, 1999, Microbiology, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., Inc., New York..
2. Pelczar, M. J. JR. *et al.* Microbiology: Concepts and Applications. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi. 1993.

References

1. Stainer *et al.*, 1992. General Microbiology, 5th edition. Macmillan Education Ltd., London.
2. Tortora, G.J. *et al.*, 1995. Microbiology- An Introduction, 5th edition. The Benjamin/Cummings Publishing Co. Inc., USA.
3. Frazier, W. C. and D. C. Westhoff. 2003. Food Microbiology,. 4th Edition. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New York.

** Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also*

C. Pr.1 – LAB IN BIOCHEMISTRY AND BIOINSTRUMENTATION

Total Credits: 3

Total hours: 75

1. Preparations of Standard Solutions
2. Estimation of total sugars by Anthrone method.
3. Estimation of total free amino acids by Ninhydrin method.
4. Methods of protein estimation (Lowry).
5. Estimation of Ascorbic acid by DNPH method.
6. Estimation of cholesterol by modified Zak's method.
7. Estimation of total phenolics and flavonoids.
8. Estimation of Pigments - Chlorophyll A and B.
9. Estimation of albumin.
10. Erythrocyte sedimentation rate test.
11. Isolation, purification of enzyme amylase.
 - Ammonium sulphate precipitation
 - Dialysis
 - Gel filtration chromatography
 - SDS-PAGE
12. Paper chromatography.
13. Thin Layer Chromatography.
14. PCR - Instrumentation and Programming
15. Gel Documentation.
16. GC (Demo).
17. HPLC (Demo).

C.Pr.2 - LAB IN MOLECULAR GENETICS AND MICROBIOLOGY

Total Credits: 3

Total hours: 75

MOLECULAR GENETICS

1. Isolation of genomic DNA- Plant
2. Isolation of genomic DNA- Blood
3. Estimation of DNA by diphenylamine method
4. Estimation of RNA by Orcinol method
5. Isolation of chloroplasts and mitochondria
6. Mounting of polytene chromosomes
7. Mitosis onion root tip
8. Meiosis – flower buds of *Rheo discolor*

MICROBIOLOGY

1. Microbiological culture media preparation and sterilization techniques.
2. Pure culture techniques - Pour, Spread and Streak plate methods.
3. Staining techniques - Simple, Negative, Gram, Spore and fungal staining.
4. Motility test.
5. Bacterial growth curve.
6. Maintenance and preservation of microbes.
7. Biochemical test for identification of bacteria.
8. Isolation of microbes (bacteria, fungi and actinomycetes) from soil, air and water
9. Identification of fungus.
10. Antibiotic sensitivity test.
11. MBRT test for milk quality analysis.
12. Isolation of *Rhizobium* from root nodules of legumes / soil

C.P.5 – IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY

Total Credits: 5

Total hours: 75

Objective:

To make the student to understand the definition of immunity, how it discriminates self and nonself and its regulation.

UNIT I**(15 HRS)**

*Immunity: Types of Immunity, Immune system: Innate (NK cells, phagocytes and their killing mechanisms (oxygen dependent and independent mechanisms), PAMP, TLR, **complement Biology (pathways)***; acquired immunity concepts (B, T cells and their activation & differentiation) and organs (primary and secondary lymphoid organs), APCs*

UNIT II**(15 HRS)**

*Antigen biology: **Antigen properties***, haptens, adjuvants. *Antibodies*: Structure, classification and Functions. *Antibody diversity*: Gene rearrangement (heavy and light chain). Antigen-antibody interactions (bonding, cross reactivity, affinity, avidity)*

UNIT III**(15 HRS)**

*Cell mediated immune responses. *MHC*: Structure of MHC, Antigen processing and presentation strategies, MHC and predisposition to diseases, HLA typing; Immune regulation (T suppressor cells)*

UNIT IV**(15 HRS)**

*Hypersensitivity reactions: Types and mechanisms. Autoimmune disorders - types. Immunodeficiency diseases: Primary (B cell deficiencies: X linked immunodeficiencies, T- cell deficiencies (DiGeorge's syndrome), combined B and T cell deficiencies (SCID) and Secondary (SARS). *Transplantation Immunology*: Immune suppression, Graft Vs Host disease*

UNIT V**(15 HRS)**

*Tumor immunology: Tumor antigens, tumor immune response and tumor Immuno therapy. *Vaccines*: Recombinant vaccines, anti-idiotypic vaccines, Hybridoma technology: Production of clones, monoclonal antibodies and applications: catalytic, chimeric and humanized antibodies. *Immunotechnology*: Immunoprecipitation, Immunohistochemistry and Flow cytometry, Immunodeficient mouse models: SCID, nude mouse*

Textbook

1. Kuby J. *et al.*, 2006. Immunology, 6th Edition. W.H. Freeman and Company, New York,.
2. Chakravarthy A, 2009. Immunology and Immunotechnology ,Oxford University Press,India

References

1. Rao, C.V., 2002. An introduction to Immunology, Narosa Publishing House, Chennai.
2. Khan, Fahim Halim. 2009. The elements of Immunology, Pearson Education(India)Pvt.ltd.
3. Tizard, I. R., 1995. Immunology: An Introduction, 4th Edition. Saunder's College Publishing, NY.
4. Roitt, I., 1994. Essential Immunology. Blackwell Science, Singapore.

** Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also*

C.P.6 - ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Total Credits: 5

Total hours: 75

Objective:

To enable the students to understand and learn various culturing techniques of animal cells (invitro) gene transferring methods and production of transgenic animals.

UNIT I**(15 HRS)**

Animal cell culture, Culture media, balanced salt solutions and simple growth medium. Role of carbon dioxide, serum, growth factors and glutamine in cell culture, serum and protein free defined media and their applications. Contamination: sources, types, monitoring and eradication

UNIT II**(15 HRS)**

Types of cell culture: primary and established culture, cell separation, cell synchronization and cryopreservation, biology and characterization of cultured cells, measuring parameters of growth, measurement of cell death (Cytotoxicity tests: MTT, clonogenic assay), Organotypic culture: Bone tissue engineering

UNIT III**(15 HRS)**

Molecular techniques in cell culture, Cell transformation; physical, chemical and biological methods of gene transfer, **Stem cells and Gene therapy (iPSCs for Sickle cell anemia)***, manipulation of genes: gene silencing (transcriptional and post-transcriptional) and gene targeting (Knock-in and knock-out).

UNIT IV**(15 HRS)**

Expression vectors for animal cells–viral- SV40, Adeno, AAV, Retro-, Vaccinia- virus and hybrid viral vectors. Bacculo virus in biocontrol and foreign gene expression. plasmid expression vectors in animal cells-classes and common modular components-pSV and pRSV;

UNIT V**(15 HRS)**

Transgenics: Transgenic animals as models for human diseases, **applications of transgenic animals and their products***. Reproductive and therapeutic cloning, *In vitro* fertilization and embryo transfer: composition of IVF media, steps involved in IVF, fertilization by means of micro insemination, PZD, ICSI. Ethical and religious issues.

Textbook

1. Animal Biotechnology, M.M. Ranga. 2nd Edition. Agrobios (India), Jodhpur. 2004.

References

1. Culture of Animal Cells: Manual of Basic technique, R.I. Freshney. 5th edition. John Wiley Publications. 2006.
2. Animal Cell Culture: A practical approach series, J.R.W. Masters. 3rd Edition. Oxford University Press, London. 2000.
3. Developmental Biology.9th edition. Scott.F. Gilbert.Sinauer Associates (2006)
4. Primrose, S.B.& Twyman R.M. Principles Of Gene Manipulation And Genomics.7th edition.Wiley Publications.2006.
5. Molecular Biotechnology. Bernard R.Glick and Jack G/Pasternak.4th edition.2010

**Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also*

C.P.7 – GENETIC ENGINEERING

Total Credits: 5

Total hours: 75

Objective:

To enable the students to learn the various molecular biology techniques, principle and application of genetic engineering which includes cloning strategies and its applications.

UNIT I**(15 HRS)**

Genetic Engineering: Introduction and applications, DNA manipulative enzymes – Properties and applications of Restriction enzymes, DNases, Polymerases, Modifying enzymes and Ligases. Linkers, Adaptors and Homopolymer tailing.

UNIT II**(15 HRS)**

Cloning Vectors and cloning strategies: Plasmids (pBR322 and pUC18), Phages (λ phage and M13 vectors), Phagemids (pBluescript, pGEM), Cosmids (pJB8) and Artificial Chromosomes (BAC and YAC). Physical, Chemical and Biological methods.

UNIT III**(15 HRS)**

Functional analysis: Production of recombinant protein (Insulin), recombinant vaccines (Hepatitis B). Gene cassettes and gene fusion. Problems encountered in expressing foreign gene in *E. coli*. DNA analysis in **forensics, medicine and Agriculture***.

UNIT IV**(15 HRS)**

In vitro transcription and *in vitro* translation. Cell free translation systems: HRT and HART selection. Transposons - Types, Transposon tagging, Operon and gene fusions. Site directed Mutagenesis - Types and uses.

UNIT V**(15 HRS)**

Alternative cloning strategies: Shot gun cloning. Construction of genomic and cDNA library, RT-PCR, Real Time PCR. Probes-Types (DNA and RNA), properties and methods of labeling. Screening of libraries - Plaque and colony hybridization. Southern and **Northern hybridization***, Antibody based screening. Metagenomic libraries

Textbook

Watson, J. D. *et al.*, 1992. Recombinant DNA, 2nd Edition. Scientific American Books, New York.

References

1. Winnacker, E. L., 2003. From Genes to Clones, Panima Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.
2. Old, R.W. *et al.*, 2001, Principles of Gene Manipulation, 6th Edition. Blackwell Science, London.
3. Brown, T.A., 1998, Gene Cloning: An Introduction. 3rd Edition. Stanley Thornes Pvt. Ltd.
4. Jogdand, S. N., 1997. Gene Biotechnology. 1st Edition. Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
5. Nicholl, D.S.T., 2002. An Introduction to Genetic Engineering, 2nd edn., Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK

*Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also

C.P. 8 – NANOBIO TECHNOLOGY AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

Total Credits: 5

Total Hours: 75

Objective:

To understand the new concept of nanotechnology applied to the area of biotechnology and to acquire requisite skills for the design and development of high throughput screening and assay methods leading to the novel drug discovery and designing.

UNIT-I**(15HRS)**

Basic concepts of Nano science and technology - Quantum wire – Quantum well – Quantum dots. Superior properties of nano-compared with bulk materials. Use of Bio-molecules such as Proteins, DNA, RNA, Aptamers, Peptides, Antibody, Virus as nanoparticles for drug targeting and therapy.

UNIT – II**(15HRS)**

Strategies for synthesis of nanoparticles: top-down & bottom-up approach. Physical, chemical and biological), Physical methods- Microwave Synthesis, Physical Vapour deposition, Laser pyrolysis. Chemical methods- Coprecipitation, Sol-gel Processing, Microemulsions. Biological method- bacteria, fungi, virus, plants.

UNIT – III**(15HRS)**

Bionanostructures: Characterization of nanomaterials: **Scanning Tunneling*** and Atomic Force Microscopy, Structural and Functional principles of bionanotechnology, microbial systems for assembly of nanostructures

UNIT- IV**(15HRS)**

Synthesis, Characterization, and Functionalization of nanoparticles for targeted Cancer Theranostics. Scope and applications of nanobiotechnology. Nanoparticles for waste water treatment and management

UNIT-V**(15HRS)**

Intellectual property rights: meaning, evolution, Classification and forms, Patents : Concepts and principle of patenting – patentable subject matter, Procedure for obtaining patent – Rights of patent, Infringement of patent right, Remedies for infringement of patent rights-patentability and emerging issues.

Text Book

1. Lee, S and Savage, LM (2010) Biological Molecules in Nanobiotechnology.

Reference

1. Goodsell, DS (2004) Bionanotechnology: Lessons from Nature, Wiley-Liss, Inc., NY.
2. Strocio, MA and Dutta, M (2004) Biological Nanostructures and Applications of Nanostructures in Biology: Electrical, Mechanical, and Optical properties, Kluwer Academic / Plenum Publishers, USA.
3. David E. Reisner (2009). Bionanotechnology Global prospects. CRC Press. Taylor & Francis Group 6000 Broken Sound Parkway NW, Suite 300.
4. Cancer Nanotechnology - Methods and Protocols 2010 Stephen R. Grobmyer & Brij M. Moudgil Humana Press.
5. Singh, K., 2000. Intellectual Property Rights on Biotechnology, BCII, New Delhi.

**Self-study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self-study portion also*

C.Pr.3 - LAB IN IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY AND ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Total Credits: 3

Total hours: 75

I - IMMUNOLOGY

1. Production and purification of IgG.
2. Immunoassay for particulate antigens.
3. Qualitative and Quantitative Haemagglutination.
4. Radial immunodiffusion.
5. Ouchterlony double diffusion.
6. Immunoelectrophoresis.
7. Rocket immunoelectrophoresis.
8. Immunodiagnosis (ELISA).
9. Western blotting.
10. Peripheral Blood mononuclear cell separation.

II - ANIMAL TISSUE CULTURE

1. Preparation of Tissue culture medium and membrane filtration.
2. Chick fibroblast cells isolation.
3. Preparation of primary cells.
4. Cell counting and cell viability.
5. Trypsinization of monolayer and subculturing.
6. Cytotoxicity test-MTT assay.
7. DNA fragmentation analysis.

C.Pr.4 - LAB IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND GENETIC ENGINEERING

Total Credits: 3

Total hours: 75

I - MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

1. Isolation of genomic DNA-Bacteria.
2. Agarose gel electrophoresis.
3. Isolation of plasmid DNA from bacteria.
4. Bacterial transformation.
5. Isolation of RNA.
6. Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.

II - GENETIC ENGINEERING

1. Restriction digestion and Ligation
2. Southern blotting.
3. Northern blotting.
4. Amplification by Polymerase Chain Reaction- Colony PCR, Differential temperature PCR, Touch-down PCR.
5. cDNA synthesis

C.P.9 - BIOPROCESS TECHNOLOGY

Total Credits: 4

Total hours: 75

Objective:

To understand the basics of fermentation techniques and to learn the concepts of screening, optimization and maintenance of cultures.

UNIT I**(15 HRS)**

Introduction: Basic principles, **scope and advantages of bioprocess technology***.
Fermentation systems and kinetics: batch, fed batch and continuous. Isolation, screening, and maintenance of microbes for industrial process. Strain selection and improvement methods.

UNIT II**(15 HRS)**

Bioreactor: Components design and functions. *Types of bioreactors:* CSTR, packed bed, batch, Air lift bioreactor, Bioreactors for immobilized cells, animal cells, waste water and effluent treatment. Specialized bioreactors: pulsed, fluidized and photobioreactors.

UNIT III**(15 HRS)**

Upstream processing: Introduction, principles of microbial nutrition, Media formulation and optimization. Sterilization: Methods of sterilization- Batch and continuous sterilization. Air sterilization, design and air filters, aseptic operation of fermentor. Inocula development for Industrial fermentations. Scale up and scale down.

UNIT IV**(15 HRS)**

Transport phenomena: Mass and heat transfer mechanism. Mass, heat and oxygen transfer coefficients. Rheological properties of a fermentation broth.
Bioprocess monitoring and control: On-line and Off-line analysis. *Monitoring variables:* pH, temperature, DO₂, agitation and foam level. PID control and computer aided control.

UNIT V**(15 HRS)**

Downstream processing: Introduction. Primary separation - Cells, Solid matter and foam-precipitation, filtration, centrifugation, cell disruptions (Mechanical, enzymatic and chemical). Product isolation - solvent extraction, adsorption, aqueous two-phase system and precipitations. Purification techniques: Chromatography (ion-exchange, gel-permeation and affinity), membrane separation (microfiltration, Ultrafiltration and reverse osmosis). Product recovery; product polishing (drying and crystallization).

Textbook

Stanbury, P. F. & A. Whitaker, 2003. Principles of Fermentation Technology. Pergamann Press, Oxford.

References

1. Bioprocess engineering: Basic Concepts M.L. Shuler and F. Kargi. Prentice Hall, Engelwood Cliffs. 2003.
2. A Textbook of Industrial Microbiology. W. Cruger & A. Cruger. Panima Pub. Corp., New Delhi. 2003.
3. Heat and Mass Transfer in SI units R.K. Rajput. S., Chand and Co. Ltd., New Delhi. 2003.
4. Industrial Microbiology. L.E. Casida. New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. 1999.
5. Molecular Biotechnology, S.B. Primrose. 2nd Ed. Blackwell Scientific Publishers, Oxford. 1994.

* Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also

C.P.10 - PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY

Total Credits: 4

Total hours: 75

Objective:

To enable students to learn various culturing technologies of plant cells (invitro) gene transferring mechanism and production of transgenic plants.

UNIT I (15 HRS)

Plant Tissue Culture: plant tissue culture medium- preparation and **sterilization***, types of media and growth regulators.

UNIT II (15 HRS)

Propagation of plants: micropropagation, meristem culture, callus culture, cell and protoplasts culture, somatic hybridization and somaclonal variation, somatic embryogenesis and synthetic seed preparation, anther, pollen and embryo culture, secondary metabolites, **PTC in agriculture and forestry** *.

UNIT III (15 HRS)

Direct and indirect gene transfer (agroinfection and floral dip), binary and cointegrate vectors systems. *Agrobacterium* characteristics, Ti and Ri plasmids, mechanism of T-DNA transfer and chloroplast transformation

UNIT IV (15 HRS)

Plant viral vectors- CaMV and gemini viruses, gene constructs, markers genes for selection of transformants, gene silencing. Application of plant transformation: nutraceuticals, herbicide-glyphosphate, insect and virus resistance, terminator technology and pathogenesis related proteins and marker free transgenics

UNIT V (15 HRS)

Transgenic plants for abiotic stress resistance (salt, drought and cold), recombinant proteins, plantibodies, plantigens and biodegradable plastics. Metabolic engineering for plant secondary metabolites: Introduction, alkaloid and flavonoid biosynthesis.

Textbooks

1. Slater, Scott and Fowler, 2003. Plant Biotechnology. Oxford University Press.

References

2. Dubey, R. C., S. Chand and Co., 2004. An Introduction to Biotechnology. New Delhi.
3. Razdan. M.K., 2002. An Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.
4. Chawla, S. 1998, Biotechnology in crop improvement. International Book Distributor Company, New Delhi.
5. Bhojwani, S.S. and M.K. Razdan, 2004. Plant Tissue Culture: Theory and Practice, A Revised Edition, Elsevier Publications, Netherlands
6. Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plants.2002 Bob Buchanan, Wilhelm Gruissem and Russell Jones. John Wiley Publications.

* Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also

PBT 15

SEMESTER III

14PBT311

C. P.11 - GENOMICS AND PROTEOMICS

Total Credits: 4

Total hours: 75

Objective:

To understand the molecular characterization of genomes and proteomes leading to the design and development of novel drugs.

UNIT I (15 HRS)

Genetic markers in mapping of genomes: SNP, SSLP, AFLP, RFLP, RAPD. Physical mapping: Restriction mapping, STS mapping, Radiation hybrid mapping, FISH to identify chromosome landmarks.

UNIT II (15 HRS)

Sequencing: **Gene sequencing methods***, clone by clone approach, short-gun sequencing, automated DNA sequencing. Taxonomic classification of organisms using molecular markers – 16S rRNA typing / sequencing.

UNIT III (15 HRS)

Transcriptome: Serial analysis of gene expression, gene expression analysis by microarray technology – types and their applications. Proteomics – structural proteomics based NMR and X ray crystallography. Mass Spectrometry - MALDI, TOF, **SELDI***.

UNIT IV (15 HRS)

Functional Proteomics: Expression profiling, protein arrays – definition and applications, protein interactions – Yeast two hybrid systems. 2D - PAGE – first and second dimension criteria and its applications.

UNIT V (15 HRS)

Pharmacogenomics: Immunomics and vaccinomics - Introduction. Role of proteomics in drug discovery, identification of drug targets and drug development and its applications.

Text Book

Brown, T.A., 2002, Genomes, Wiley – Liss Publications.

References

1. Primrose, S. B. and R. M. Twyman. Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics –7th Edition, Blackwell Publications.
2. Daniel C. Liebler, 2006. Introduction to Proteomics. Humana Press, Brown TA, Genomes, 3rd Edition, Garland Science.
3. Campbell, A.M. and L. J. Heyer, 2007. Discovering Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics, 2nd Edition, Benjamin Cummings.
4. Glick, B. R. and J. J. Pasternak. 1998, Molecular Biotechnology, 3rd edition, ASM Press.

**Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also*

PBT 16

SEMESTER III

14PBT3CP

C.Pr.5 - LAB IN BIOPROCESS TECHNOLOGY AND PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY

Total Credits: 3

Total hours: 75

I - BIOPROCESS TECHNOLOGY

1. Parts and design of a bioreactor.
2. Isolation of Protease producing bacteria
3. Optimization of culture condition for growth and protease production(media, pH & temperature).
4. Wine production and estimation of ethanol.
5. Production of organic acid- Lactic acid.
6. Immobilization of cells and test for its activity

II - PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY

1. Laboratory organization
2. Preparation of media and sterilization
3. Micropropagation- Nodal and shoot tip
4. Callus culture- DPPH assay
5. Cell suspension culture
6. Synthetic seed preparation
7. Somatic Embryogenesis
8. Anther culture
9. Regeneration and Hardening
10. *Agrobacterium* mediated transformation - GUS assay

DISSERTATION WORK AND VIVA-VOCE WITH INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL EXAMINERS

Total Credits: 5

DIRECTIONS

- Students are allocated a dissertation topic individually under the supervision of faculty of the department.
- The dissertation must be similar to the thesis style and encompass:
 - (i) Introduction / Rationale and Review of Literature
 - (ii) Materials and Methods
 - (iii) Results
 - (iv) Discussion
 - (v) Bibliography
- The dissertation should be submitted in type-written, bound form to the department for record.
- While evaluation of dissertation, 40 marks (20+20 as internal) should be based on oral presentation before the faculty members of department in the presence of concerned supervisor during the period of CIA examinations, and 160 marks (external) should include:
 - (i) Evaluation of project work (100 marks) based on:
 - (a) Scientific content (25marks)
 - (b) Experiments and final outcome (50 marks)
 - (c) Presentation (25 marks)
 - (ii) Viva-voce by external examiner (30 marks)
 - (iii) Assessment through presentation by internal examiner (30 marks) at the time of examination.

PBT 18

MAJOR ELECTIVE - COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY

Total Credits: 5

Total hours: 75

Objective:

To make the student to understand the methods and tools in biostatistics, to retrieve and submit the data, genome database and other databases and analysis.

UNIT I (15 HRS)

Introduction to bioinformatics, application of bioinformatics in various fields, **Basic Internet Use and Search Engines: Fundamentals of Internet, WWW, HTML; URLs Browsers (Netscape/Opera/Explorer), Search Engines (Google, PUBMED)***

UNIT II (15 HRS)

Biological Databases and Data Retrieval: Nucleotide databases (Genbank, EMBL, DDBJ), Sequence submission Methods and tools (Sequin, Sakura, Bankit), Sequence retrieval systems (Entrez & SRS), Protein (Swiss-Prot, Tr-EMBL, PIR_PSD, Expasy), Genome (NCBI, EBI, TIGR, SANGER), Structure databases (PDB, SCOP, CATH), Derived Databases (Prosite, Pfam, PRINTS), Metabolic Pathway DB (KEGG, EMP, and MetaCyc), Specialized DB (LIGAND, BRENDA)

UNIT III (15 HRS)

Introduction to Sequence alignment: Similarity, Identity and Homology, Local and Global alignment concepts, multiple sequence alignment, Database searches for homologous sequences –FASTAand BLAST versions.

UNIT IV (15 HRS)

Evolutionary analysis: distances - clustering methods – rooted and unrooted tree representation –Bootstrapping strategies

UNIT V (15 HRS)

Proteome analysis: Types, tools and protein data bases, Protein prediction methods, protein visualization – RASMOL, Protein engineering and drug designing.

Textbooks

Bioinformatics-concepts, skills, Applications, S. C. Rastogi, Namita Mendiratta, Parag Rastogi

References

1. Bioinformatics: A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Genes and Proteins, Andreqas D. Baxevanis, B. F. Francis Ouellette. John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1998.
2. Principles of Bioinformatics, Shanmughavel, P., Pointer Publishers, India. 2005.
3. Introduction to Bioinformatics, Teresa K. Attwood and David J. Parry - Smith.
4. Bioinformatics Sequence and Genome Analysis. David W. Mount. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 2001.
5. Introduction to Bioinformatics, Arthur M. Lesk, Oxford University, 2002.

** Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also*

PBT 19

MAJOR ELECTIVE - ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Total Credits: 4

Total hours: 75

Objective:

To make the students to understand the concepts of ecology and conservation of environment.

UNIT I (15 HRS)

Waste water treatment- Introduction, Physio-chemical characteristics of wastewater, Effluent treatment - aerobic and anaerobic (UASB), Use of GEO for waste water treatment. Drinking water quality – MPN.

UNIT II (15 HRS)

Removal of specific pollutants: **Source of heavy metal pollution***, Microbial system for heavy metal accumulation, Biosorption, Bioleaching (Copper, Uranium). Bioremediation: Types, applications and examples. Bioindicators, Biosensors and Environmental impact assessment.

UNIT III (15 HRS)

Xenobiotic compounds - recalcitrants, hazardous wastes, genetic engineering approach for biodegradation, degradative plasmids detoxification methods. Solid-waste management (4R principle) and sewage-sludge disposal and utilization.

UNIT IV (15 HRS)

Biodegradation of wastes from pesticide, textile, tannery, paper, food and allied, and distillery industries. Biomass from wastes- ethanol from lignocellulosic wastes and SCP. Biofuel as alternative energy.

UNIT V (15 HRS)

Use of aquatic plants including transgenics in biotechnology, biodegradable and eco-friendly products. Phytoremediation. Green chemicals, Nanoparticles and composts for waste water treatment and management. **Current status of Environmental Biotechnology and future***. Consequences of deliberate release of GMOs into environment. Carbon Credits. Controversies and knowledge gaps concerning environmental biotechnology.

Textbook

1. Jogdand, S. N. 1995. Environmental Biotechnology. Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi.

References

1. Cheremisinoff, N.P., 2003. A textbook for waste and waste water treatment. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Cruger, W. and A. Cruger 2003. A Textbook of Industrial Microbiology. Panima Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.
3. Glick, B.R. and J.J. Pasternak 1998, Molecular Biotechnology. 2nd Edition, ASM Press, Washington.
4. Glazer, A.N. and H. Nikaido, 1995. Microbial Biotechnology, W.H. Freeman and Co., NY.

**Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also*

PBT 20

MAJOR ELECTIVE - ENTREPRENEURSHIP, BIOETHICS, BIOSAFETY AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Total Credits: 5

Total hours: 75

Objective:

To understand the concepts of biosafety, ethics to be followed in science research and various tools to be used in research.

UNIT I (15 HRS)

Entrepreneurship: Concept, Definition, Structure and theories of entrepreneurship, Types of entrepreneurship, process of entrepreneurial development, entrepreneurial leadership, Product planning and development, Project management, Concept of projects, Project identification, formulation, project report and project appraisal.

UNIT II (15 HRS)

Bioethics : **Principles of bioethics***, ethical conflicts in biotechnology - interference with nature, fear of unknown, unequal distribution of risks and benefits of biotechnology, bioethics vs. business ethics, ethical dimensions of IPR, technology transfer and other global biotech issues.

UNIT III (15 HRS)

Biosafety: Definition of Biosafety. Requirements, Biosafety for human health and environment Use of genetically modified organisms and their release into the environment, biosafety assessment procedures for biotech foods & related products, Cartagena protocol on biosafety, bioterrorism and convention on biological weapons, WIPO, GATT*.

UNIT IV (15 HRS)

Research: Scope and significance, Types of Research, Research Process, Characteristics of good research, Problems in Research, Identifying research problems. Seminar paper preparation and presentation.

UNIT V (15 HRS)

Thesis Writing: Literature collection and citation, Research report writing: Result analysis and Discussion, content, table, figure formatting and typing. Plagiarism, Research Article writing, Reference writing.

Text books

1. Sasson A. 1993, Biotechnologies in developing countries present and future, UNESCO Publishers.
2. Gurumani, N., 2006. Research Methodology for Biological Sciences. M JP Publishers,

References

1. Singh, K., 2000. Intellectual Property Rights on Biotechnology, BCII, New Delhi.
2. Shantharam S. and Jane F. Montgomery, 1999. Biotechnology Biosafety, and Biodiversity, Scientific and Ethical Issues for Sustainable Development, CC Now Science Publishers.
3. Drucker, P.F., 1999. Innovation and entrepreneurship: Practice and Principles, - Butterworth-Heinemann, Harper Business, NY.
4. Singh M. P., Bijay S. Singh and S. Dey, 2004. Conservation of Biodiversity and Natural Resources, Daya Publications, Delhi.

** Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also*

PBT 21

MAJOR ELECTIVE - MARINE BIOTECHNOLOGY

Total Credits: 5

Total hours: 75

Objective:

To understand the basic concepts and applications of marine biotechnology

UNIT I (15 HRS)

Marine ecosystem – intertidal zone, inhabitants and ecology of estuaries, salt marshes, mangrove swamps, coral reefs and the deep sea. Plankton, nekton and benthos.

UNIT II (15 HRS)

Composition of seawater. Major and minor elements in the seawater. Oceanographic instruments and general sampling procedures. Applications of ocean remote sensing, Bioluminescent bacteria. Carbon sequestration.

UNIT III (15 HRS)

Unculturable bacteria, occurrence, characteristics, characterization and exploitation. Bioactive compounds – Antimicrobials and antioxidants from Microorganisms, Sponges, Corals, Bryozoans and Tunicates. **Biofouling and prevention*** Probiotic bacteria and their importance in aquaculture. Vaccines for aquaculture. Transgenic Fish with growth hormone (GH) and antifreeze genes.

UNIT IV (15 HRS)

Importance of marine viruses. Red sea tide and its control. Molecular Biology of Green mussel adhesive protein, Marine organism as a source of Polysaccharides.

UNIT V (15 HRS)

Commercial important enzymes from marine microorganisms: Xylanase, agarase, proteases, chitinases. Giant bacteria and their ecological significance. **Marine pollution and its control***.

Textbooks

1. Nair N. B. and Thampy, D. M. 1989. Text book of Marine Ecology.
2. Thurman, H. V. and Webber, H. H., 1984. Marine Biology.
3. Meadiws, P. S. and Campbell, J. J., 1988. An introduction to Marine Sciences.

References

1. Drugs from sea (2000). Fusetani, N.
2. Microbiology of deep sea hydrothermal vents (1995). Karl, D.M.
3. The search from bioactive compounds from microorganisms (1992). Omum, S.
4. Biotechnology and Biodegradation (1990). Kamely, D. Chakraborty, A. & Omenn, G.S.
5. Recent Advances in Marine Biotechnology, Vol.2 (1998). Fingerman, M., Nagabushanam, R., Thompson, M.

** Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also*

PBT 22

NON MAJOR ELECTIVE - COMPETITIVE SCIENCE-I

Total Credits: 5

Total hours: 75

Objective:

Been updated with the current syllabi followed in UGC/ CSIR/NET examinations

UNIT I (15 HRS)

Principles and methods of taxonomy, nomenclature of plants. Photosynthesis-Light harvesting complexes; mechanisms of electron transport; photoprotective mechanisms; CO₂ fixation – C3, C4 and CAM pathways. Photorespiratory pathway. Nitrogen metabolism: Nitrate and Ammonium assimilation; amino acid biosynthesis.

UNIT II (15 HRS)

Tissue culture methods for plants, Plant hormones: Biosynthesis, storage, breakdown and transport; physiological effects and mechanisms of action. Sensory photobiology: Structure, function and mechanisms of phytochromes, cryptochromes and phototropins; photoperiodism and biological clocks. Translocation; transpiration.

UNIT III (15 HRS)

Secondary metabolites – Biosynthesis of terpenes, phenols and nitrogenous compounds and their roles. Plant viral vectors, transgenic plants. Stress physiology: Responses of plants to biotic (pathogen and insects) and abiotic (water, temperature and salt) stresses; mechanisms of resistance to biotic stress and tolerance to abiotic stress.

UNIT IV (15 HRS)

Microbial fermentation and production of small and macro molecules*. Application of immunological principles (vaccines, diagnostics). Molecular approaches to diagnosis and strain identification, molecular clocks; molecular tools in phylogeny. Genomics and its application to health and agriculture, including gene therapy.

UNIT V (15 HRS)

The Environment: Physical environment; biotic environment, Habitat and niche: Concept, Fundamentals and characters of habitat and niche. Population ecology, Species interactions, Community ecology, Ecological succession, Ecosystem and function, **Major terrestrial biomes***, Conservation biology. Biodiversity management approaches.

Textbook

Jain, V. K., 2003. Fundamentals of Plant Physiology. S. Chand and Co., New Delhi.

References

1. Dubey, R. C., 2004. An Introduction to Biotechnology. S. Chand and Co., New Delhi.
2. Slater et al., 2003. Plant Biotechnology: The genetic manipulation of plants. Oxford University Press, Oxford.
3. Razdan, M. K., 2002. An Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.
4. Stanbury P. F. and Kargi, F. 2003. Bioprocess engineering: Basic concepts. Prentice Hall, Engelwood Cliffs.
5. Joshi et al. 2004, Biodiversity & Conservation. APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi

* Self Study and Question for Examination must be taken from the self study portion also

PBT 23

NON MAJOR ELECTIVE - COMPETITIVE SCIENCE-II

Total Credits: 5

Total hours: 75

UNIT I

(15 HRS)

General Sciences: Common Elementary Computer Science; General awareness of computer hardware: CPU and other peripheral devices-Input and Output, Auxillary and Storage device; Basic Mathematical Methods: Linear algebra, Matrices. Linear differential equations; Laws of thermodynamics and their consequences, Thermodynamic potentials and Maxwell's relations; Electromagnetic waves – reflection and refraction.

UNIT II

(15 HRS)

Biofertilizers:- Definitions and types (nitrogen fixers, P-solubilizers and P-mobilizers. Isolation, purification and characterization of microorganisms, which are potential biofertilizers. Screening for their efficiency and strain improvement. Biopesticides: Definition and significance, mass production and formulation of microbial control agents: Bt and NPV

UNIT III

(15 HRS)

Cell Biology: Structure and function of cells and intracellular organelles (of both prokaryotes and eukaryotes): mechanism of cell division including (mitosis and meiosis) Microscopic techniques for the study of cells; Diversity of Cell size and Shape; Cell differentiation and Cell signaling.

UNIT IV

(15 HRS)

Bio-chemistry and Physiology: Structure of atoms, molecules and chemical bonds; Structure, function and metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids and proteins; Enzymes and coenzyme; Respiration and photosynthesis; Membrane structure and function: Structure of model membrane, lipid bilayer and membrane protein diffusion, osmosis, ion channels, active transport, ion pumps; Electrical properties of membranes.

UNIT V

(15 HRS)

Genetics and Evolutionary Biology: Chromosome structure and function; Gene Structure and regulation of gene expression. Linkage and genetic mapping; Mutation: DNA damage and repair, chromosome aberration: Transposons; Concepts of evolution; Theories of organic evolution; Mechanisms of speciation; Hardyweinberg genetic equilibrium, genetic polymorphism and selection.

References

1. A.R.Vasistha. Matrices. Emerald Publications.
2. P.C.Joshi et al. 2004, Biodiversity and Conservation. A.P.H.Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.
3. G.M.Cooper. The Cell-A Molecular Approach. ASM Press, Washington.
4. Lodish et al, 2001. Molecular Cell Biology, W.H.Freeman & Company, New York.
5. D.L. Nelson and M.M.Cox, 2003. Lehninger's Principles of Bio-Chemistry, 3rd Edition Macmillan/Worth Publishers, New York.
6. K.Wilson and J. Walker. 2000, Practical Biochemisrty, 5th Edition, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
7. P. S. Verma and V. K. Agarwal. 2003. Genetics. S. Chand & Co, New Delhi.
8. Fundamentals of Computer Hardware- Mandeep Singh Bhatia.
9. Motion Studies and Thermodynamics - V K Shrivastava.

PBT 24

NON MAJOR ELECTIVE - FOOD TECHNOLOGY

Total Credits: 5

Total hours: 75

UNIT I

(15 HRS)

Carbohydrates: Structure and functional properties of mono- oligo-polysaccharides including starch, cellulose, pectic substances and dietary fibre; Proteins: Classification and structure of proteins in food; Lipids: Classification and structure of lipids, Rancidity of fats, Polymerization and polymorphism; Pigments: Carotenoids, chlorophylls, anthocyanins, tannins and myoglobin; Food flavours: Terpenes, esters, ketones and quinones.

UNIT II

(15 HRS)

Enzymes: Specificity, Kinetics and inhibition, Coenzymes, Enzymatic and non-enzymatic browning; Nutrition: Balanced diet, Essential amino acids and fatty acids, PER, Water soluble and fat soluble vitamins, Role of minerals in nutrition, Antinutrients, Nutrition deficiency diseases.

UNIT III

(15 HRS)

Characteristics of microorganisms: Morphology, structure and detection of bacteria, yeast and mold in food, Spores and vegetative cells; Microbial growth in food: Intrinsic and extrinsic factors, Growth and death kinetics, serial dilution method for quantification; Food spoilage: Contributing factors, Spoilage bacteria, Microbial spoilage of milk and milk products, meat and meat products.

UNIT IV

(15 HRS)

Foodborne disease: Toxins produced by Staphylococcus, Clostridium and Aspergillus; Bacterial pathogens: Salmonella, Bacillus, Listeria, Escherichia coli, Shigella, Campylobacter; Fermented food: Buttermilk, yoghurt, cheese, sausage, alcoholic beverage, vinegar, sauerkraut and soya sauce.

UNIT V

(15 HRS)

Processing principles: Canning, chilling, freezing, dehydration, control of water activity, CA and MA storage, fermentation, hurdle technology, addition of preservatives and food additives, Food packaging, cleaning in place and food laws.; production of bread, biscuits, extruded products and breakfast cereals, Solvent extraction, refining and hydrogenation of oil. Fruits, vegetables and plantation products processing: Extraction, clarification concentration and packaging of fruit juice, Production of jam, jelly, marmalade, squash, candies, and pickles, pectin from fruit waste, tea, coffee, chocolate and essential oils from spices; Milk and milk products processing: Pasteurized and sterilized milk, cream, butter, ghee, ice-cream, cheese and milk powder; Animal products processing: Drying and canning of fish, post mortem changes, tenderization and freezing of meat, egg powder.

References

1. Food Science and Nutrition by any author
2. Food Processing by any author

PBT 25

NON MAJOR ELECTIVE - COMMUNICATION AND SOFT SKILLS

Total Credits: 5

Total hours: 75

UNIT I

(15 HRS)

Lectures: preparation, objective/s, concepts, contents, sequence, formal proof, interrelationships, logic, conclusions, time management, using audiovisual aids. Giving a talk: body language: extempore and prepared talks. Preparing for interviews, CV/biodata.

UNIT II

(15 HRS)

Vocabulary: word power, pronunciations, guessing the meaning of words from the context and body language and using a dictionary. Review of basic grammar- Punctuation marks: comma, colon, semicolon, full stop, inverted comma.

UNIT III

(15 HRS)

Avoiding repetitious statements, double positives, double negatives, circular arguments. Dealing with questions: avoiding circumvention and circular arguments; answering after breaking down long questions into parts.

UNIT IV

(15 HRS)

Resume / Report Preparation / Letter Writing, Structuring the resume / report – Letter writing / E-mail communication – Samples; Presentation Skills- Elements of an effective presentation – Structure of a presentation – Presentation tools – Voice Modulation – Audience analysis – Body Language, Video Samples

UNIT V

(15 HRS)

Soft Skills -Time Management – Articulateness – Assertiveness – Psychometrics – Innovation and Creativity – Stress Management & Poise – Video Samples Group Discussion- Why is GD part of selection process? – Structure of a GD – Moderator-led and other GDs – Strategies in GD – Team work – Body Language – Mock GD – Video Samples Interview Skills - Kinds of Interviews – Required Key Skills – Corporate culture – Mock Interviews – Video Samples

References

1. Meenakshi Raman and Sangeetha Sharma, *Technical Communication – Principles and Practice*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi (2004)
2. Barker. A - *Improve your communication skills* – Kogan Page India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi (2006)

UNIT I

Mushroom biology – Types of mushrooms: varieties of mushroom, edible and non-edible mushrooms. Economic importance of mushrooms, factors influencing mushroom cultivation. types of mushroom based food, nutritive values of mushrooms and medicinal values

UNIT II

Mushroom cultivation – lab organization – infrastructure facilities – design of mushroom huts. Raw materials for mushroom cultivation. Spawn production – types of spawn, raw materials, spawn production techniques – inoculation, maintenance and supply of spawn. Cultivation aspects - bed preparation, cropping of oyster, milky and button mushrooms.

UNIT III

Maintenance aspects of mushroom cultivation – harvesting, storage, packaging or mushrooms. Quality control, marketing and management of mushroom.

UNIT IV

Recycling of substrate. Mushroom waste management - disposal, composting and conversion into organic fertilizer.

UNIT V

Pest and diseases of mushroom – insects, bacterial and fungal pathogens, disease symptoms, economic loss, precautions and control measures

Text books

1. Mushrooms; cultivation, nutritional value, medicinal effect and environmental impact by Shu-Ting Chang and Philip G. Miles, 2004, Second edition, CRC press London.
2. Experiments in microbiology, plant pathology, tissue culture and mushroom cultivation by Aneja, K. R., 1996, Wishwa Prakashan, New Delhi
3. Mushroom biology: Concise Basics and Current Developments by Philip G. Miles, Shu-ting Chang, 1997. World Scientific Publishing Co., USA.

JOC 2 - HERBAL TECHNOLOGY**UNIT I**

Phytochemistry: Biosynthesis of primary and secondary metabolites, Classification and metabolisms of alkaloids, terpenoids, carotenoids, flavonoids, tannins and phenolic acids.

UNIT II

General extraction isolation and purification techniques for alkaloids, terpenoids, carotenoids, flavonoids, tannins and other phenolic compounds from plants.

UNIT III

Biotechnology of medicinal plants: Production of secondary metabolites from cultured plant cells, elicitation, immobilization and biotransformation.

UNIT IV

Bioactive studies: DNA fingerprinting of medicinal plants – DNA isolation and fingerprinting techniques. Chemical fingerprinting – HPLC and HPTLC.

UNIT V

Anticancer, antidiabetic, anti-inflammatory, hepatoprotectives, antimicrobials from medicinal plants. Antioxidants of plant origin – Reactive Oxygen Species (ROS), antioxidant polyphenols. Toxicity studies on medicinal plants and herbal formulations.

References

1. Harborne, J.B., 1998. Phytochemical methods to modern techniques of plant analysis. Chapman & Hall, London.
2. Trease G. E, M. C. Evans, 1979. Textbook of Pharmacognosy 12th ed. Balliere-Tindal, London.
3. Irfan A. Khan and Atitya Khanum (Eds.). 2004. Role of Biotechnology in medicinal and Aromatic plants, Vols. I-X. Ukaaz Publications, Hyderabad.

ALC.1 - FRONTIER TECHNOLOGIES IN BIOSCIENCES**UNIT I**

Stem cell technology:- Stem cell, definitions, types and properties. Scientific terms, factors governing manipulations and culturing of stem cells. Micro-environmental factors governing stem cell propagation. Applications: Tissue engineering, reprogramming of genome function through epigenetic inheritance. Ethical and social considerations of stem cell technology.

UNIT II

Neurobiology:- Chemistry, synthesis, storage and release of neurotransmitters. Classes and mode of action of neuropeptides. Neuropeptide receptors, coexistence of neuropeptides with other neurotransmitters in “Dorsomedial Hypothalamic Nucleus”. Neurodegenerative Disorders: Parkinson’s, Alzheimer’s disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, senile dementia.

UNIT III

Nanobiotechnology:- Definitions and terms, molecular motors, DNA hybridization control using metal ion crystal antennae. DNA-Based Nanofabrication. Self-Assembling DNA Tilings as Structural Templates, Molecular Electronics Microarray chips:- Microarray probes / chips, array fabrication, targets, assays, read out, image analysis, uses and examples.

UNIT IV

Diagnostic Techniques:- Immunoassay Classification and Commercial Technologies, assay development. Cell Based and DNA based diagnostics.

Functional Proteomics:- Proteome, Mass spectroscopy of various protein complexes, Organization of proteome in an organism and its systematic study, Protein chips and Computation.

UNIT V

Biosensors: Concepts and applications, Noninvasive Biosensors in Clinical Analysis, Surface Plasmon Resonance, Biosensors based on Evanescent Waves, Applications of Biosensor-based instruments to the bioprocess industry, Application of Biosensors to environmental samples, Biochips and their application in modern Sciences.

Textbook

Biotechnology. U. Satyanarayana. Books and Allied (P) Ltd. August 2007

References

1. The Science of Laboratory Diagnosis, J. Crocker and D. Burnett 2nd Edition. John Wiley Publishers. 2005.
2. Nanotechnology: A Gentle Introduction to the Next Big Idea, M. Ratner and D. Ratner. Prentice Hall. 2002
3. Text book of Medical Physiology, A.C. Guyton & J.E. Hall. 10th Edition. Harcourt, Asia. 2001.
4. Principles of Cell Biology. G. Ramsay.1998. Commercial Biosensors. John Wiley and Son, Inc. K. Smith and M. Kish. Harper-Cellins Pub. Inc. New Delhi.

ALC. 2 – STEM CELLS TECHNOLOGY**UNIT I**

Cell Diversification and responses in the early animal embryo: *Xenopus* - Blastomeres and Spatial Segregation, inductive interactions, progressive pattern of new cell types generation. Morphogen gradient organization of complex pattern of cell responses, cell signal response, intracellular signals, early mammalian embryo and developmental potential, responses of mammalian embryonic stem cells to environmental stress and their pathway of development.

UNIT II

Renewal by stem cells: Stem cells division, epidermis and differentiated progeny, various keratins synthesis during stem cell development, basal cells, basal cell proliferation and thickness. Epidermal stem cells, secretory cells in the epidermis and population kinetics.

UNIT III

Specialized cells and their functions. Genesis, modulation, and regeneration of skeletal muscle: myoblasts fusion, muscle cells properties and protein isoforms, quiescent stem cells in the adult.

UNIT IV

Fibroblasts and their transformations: the connective-tissue cell family fibroblasts response to signals in the extracellular matrix, connective-tissue cell differentiation, fact cells signaling and production, bone remodeling, osteoblasts and bone matrix, osteoclasts and their role to connective-tissue framework and body structure.

UNIT V

Hematopoietic stem cell: Types and functions. Hematopoietic stem cell disorders-classification and manifestations of aplastic, myelodysplastic, myeloproliferative disorders. Clinical applications of colony stems. Complications of germline therapy, replacement therapy and marrow transplantation. Immunological principles, preservation and clinical use of blood and blood components, hemapheresis procedures and oxiplantation.

Textbook

Gilbert. S.F. 2000 Developmental Biology,. 6th Edition. Sinauer Associates, Inc. NY.

References

1. Kiessling A.A. and C.S. Anderson, 2003. Human Embryonic Stem Cells: An Introduction to the Science and Therapeutic Potential.. Amazon Publishers.
2. Alberts, B., 2002. Molecular Biology of the Cell. 4th Edition. Garland Publishing, Inc., NY.

PBT 30

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN FOR CIA & END OF SEMSTER EXAMINATION

M. Sc., BIOTECHNOLOGY

1. THEORY

Max Marks = 75

Time = 3.10 hrs

SECTION - A

(10 x 1=10 marks)

Choose the correct answer type.

*Q.No. 1 to 10 : Multiple choice type **alone**.*

Questions with four alternative (distracter) answers each (Two questions from each unit).

SECTION - B

(5 x 5=25 marks)

Short answer questions

Q.No. 11-15: Either (a) or (b) short note type (One question 'a' or 'b' from each unit)

SECTION - C

(5 x 8=40 marks)

Essay type of questions:

Q.No. 16-20: Either (a) or (b) essay type (One question 'a' or 'b' from each unit)

2. BREAK UP OF INTERNAL MARKS (25 marks)

Internal marks (25) = CIA (out of 15) + Attendance (out of 5) + Assignment (out of 5)

***CIA marks (out of 15 marks) = I CIA marks + II CIA marks / 150 X 15**

3. PRACTICALS – Question Pattern & Break-up of marks

END OF SEMESTER PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

Max. Marks: 60

Duration: 3hrs

I. Major (One question) (1 x 20 = 20)

II. Minor (One question) (1 x 10 = 10)

III. Spotters (3 x 5 = 15)

Examine, identify and critically comment on the spotters A, B, C, D and E.

IV. Viva (05)

V. Record / Observation* (10)

**Record for ESE; Observation for CIA exam.*

INTERNAL - PRACTICAL MARKS

From Model Practical Examination	-	25
Observation	-	10
Attendance	-	5
Total	-	40

PRACTICALS – Question Pattern & Break-up of marks

END OF SEMESTER PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

Max. Marks: 60

Duration: 3hrs

I. Major	(One question)	(1 x 20 = 20)
II. Minor	(One question)	(1 x 10 = 10)
III. Spotters		(3 x 5 = 15)
	Examine, identify and critically comment on the spotters A, B, C, D and E.	
IV. Viva		(05)
V. Record / Observation*		(10)

**Record for ESE; Observation for CIA exam.*

INTERNAL - PRACTICAL MARKS

From Model Practical Examination	-	25
Observation	-	10
Attendance	-	5
Total	-	40

M.Sc., BIOTECHNOLOGY

Curriculum & Scheme of Examination under CBCS

Academic Year 2014-2015 onwards